

# Not Eagle

```

<expr> ::= ...
    | (<expr>, <expr>)
    | fst <expr>
    | snd <expr>
    | ispair(<expr>)
    
```

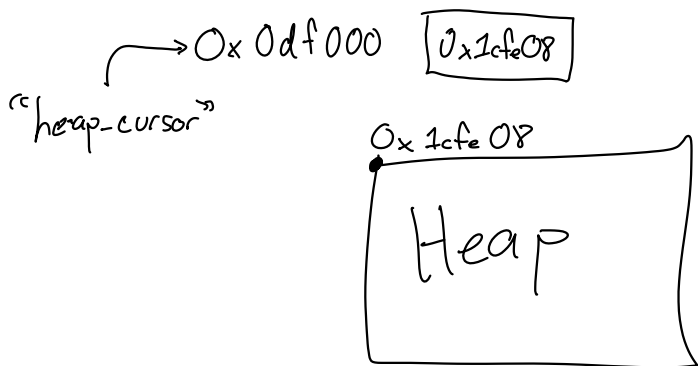
```

let p = (2, 5) in
fst p + snd p
    
```

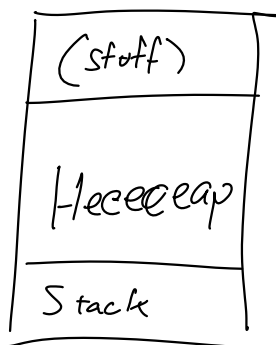
To initialize heap\_cursor, we'll use malloc.  
 To store heap\_cursor, we'll use a global variable in our data section.

```

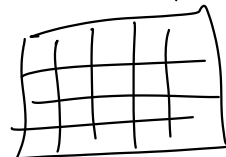
align 8  → section .data
heap_cursor:
dq 0
Section .text
bird_main:
    
```



Ex. (2, 5)

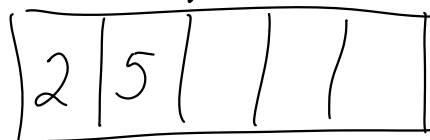


Pigeonhole Principle



S slots  
 T things  
 then at least one slot contains at least  $\lceil T/S \rceil$  things

heap\_cursor points to the next free byte of heap memory



```
uint64_t v = bird_main(heap_ptr);
```

```

bird_main:
    push rbp
    mov rbp, rsp
    sub rsp, ...
    ✓ mov [heap_cursor], rdi
    
```

```

mov r10, [heap_cursor]
mov r11, [r10]
    
```

# Not Eagle

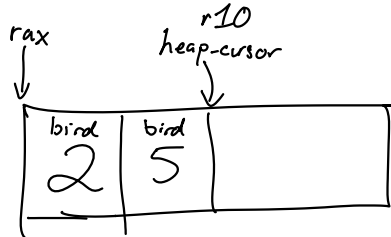
Write asm for (2, 5)

Assume that heap\_cursor is already set up

# Assembly for (2,5) in NotEagle

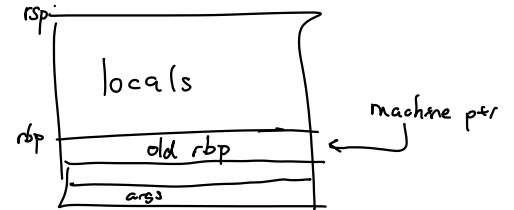
```

mov r10, [heap-cursor] ; r10 points to next free mem
mov rax, r10
add r10, 16
mov [heap-cursor], r10
mov [rbp-8], rax ; allocated space
mov rax, 4
mov r10, [rbp-8]
mov [r10], rax
mov rax, 10
mov r10, [rbp-8]
mov [r10+8], rax
mov rax, [rbp-8]
or rax, 1
    
```



bool —  $O_x[b111]FF \dots FF[1111]$   
 int —  $O_x ZZZ \dots ZZ[zzz0]$   
 ptr —  $O_x NNN \dots NN[n001]$

machine value  $O_xcf1b09 = R(O_xcf1b08 \text{ as ptr})$   
 bird value



# Eagle

<expr> ::= ...  
 | (<expr>, ..., <expr>)  
 | <expr> [<expr>]

## heap objects

Tuples

	size	elements		
(1, 2, 3)	machine 3	bird 1	bird 2	bird 3