

Dove

- * Functions
- * Program is declaration list and expression
- * Declaration is just a function: has name, params, body: expr
 - body can call other functions
 - any function may call any other function
- * Need to know C calling conventions

In C:

exit call
g() here
↓

```
void f() { ... }
```

```
void g() { ... }
```

Callee- and
Caller-saved
registers.

C Calling Conventions

1. Caller must

- Pushes args
- "Call" instr

Push caller-saved regs

2. Callee must

- Save ebp (push)
- Mov ebp, esp
- Allocate local vars by moving esp

Push callee-saved regs

Callee-saved: ebx, esi, edi

Caller-saved: eax, ecx, edx

3. Callee runs

4. Callee must

- Mov esp, ebp
- Restore ebp (pop)

Pop callee-saved regs

5. Caller must

- Remove params

Pop caller-saved regs

Dove. Errors

Compile-time checking

New features

- functions
- function calls

Errors

- Call non-existent fn?
- Call wrong # args?
- Declare 2 fns of same name?
- Declare 2 params of same name?
- Unbound variables

1. Check if program has errors

2. If errors, then throw exn

3. Compile normally

let rec f =

and g =

;;

<expr> ::=

<id> (<exprList>)

def next(x)

if isint(x) then x+1 else true

end

a + b