

## EFb - Type Inference

$$\gamma ::= \text{Bool} \mid \text{Int} \mid \gamma \rightarrow \gamma \mid \alpha$$

$$E ::= \{\gamma = \gamma, \dots\}$$

$$\alpha ::= 'a \mid 'b \mid \dots$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma \vdash e : \gamma \setminus E}$$

$$\text{Var} \frac{(x:\gamma) \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \gamma \setminus \emptyset}$$

$$\text{Not} \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \gamma \setminus E}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Not } e : \text{Bool} \setminus E \cup \{\gamma = \text{Bool}\}}$$

$$\text{Function} \quad \frac{\Gamma, x:\alpha \vdash e : \gamma \setminus E \quad \alpha \text{ is fresh}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Function } x \rightarrow e : \alpha \rightarrow \gamma \setminus E}$$

$$'a \rightarrow \text{Bool} \setminus \{\gamma = \text{Bool}\}$$

$$\text{Inf} \frac{}{\emptyset \vdash 4 : \text{Int} \setminus \emptyset}$$

$$\text{Not} \frac{}{\emptyset \vdash \text{Not } 4 : \text{Bool} \setminus \{\text{Int} = \text{Bool}\}}$$

## Deductive Closure

Transitivity 1. If  $\gamma_1 = \gamma_2$  and  $\gamma_2 = \gamma_3$  then  $\gamma_1 = \gamma_3$ .

Symmetry 2. If  $\gamma_1 = \gamma_2$  then  $\gamma_2 = \gamma_1$ .

Function 3. If  $\gamma_1 \rightarrow \gamma_2 = \gamma_3 \rightarrow \gamma_4$  then  $\gamma_1 = \gamma_3$  and  $\gamma_2 = \gamma_4$ .

$$'a \setminus \{\gamma = \text{Bool}, 'b = 'a\}$$

$$'b = \text{Bool}, \text{Bool} = 'a, 'a = 'b, \boxed{\text{Bool} = 'b}$$

Perform deductive closure: apply every rule as much as possible, even to new equations.

$$\{\gamma = 'b = 'b \rightarrow \text{Bool}\}$$

$$\{\text{Int} = 'a, 'a = \text{Bool}\}$$

$$'a = 'b, 'b = \text{Bool}, 'b \rightarrow \text{Bool} = 'a \rightarrow 'b, \\ 'a = \text{Bool}, 'b = 'a, \text{Bool} = 'b, \text{Bool} = 'a, \text{Bool} = \text{Bool}, \\ 'a = 'a, 'b = 'b$$

$$'a = \text{Int}, \text{Bool} = 'a, \text{Int} = \text{Bool}, \text{Bool} = \text{Int}$$

match foo with  
| B b → f b  
| A a → a + 1  
| C → 0

## Consistency Checking

Does the set equate different kinds of types?

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \text{Int} = \gamma \rightarrow \gamma \\ \text{Int} = \text{Bool} \\ \text{Bool} = \gamma \rightarrow \gamma \end{array}}$$

## Type Substitution

$$'a \rightarrow \text{Int} \setminus \{ 'a = 'b \rightarrow \text{Bool}, 'b = \text{Bool} \}$$

have  $'a \rightarrow \text{Int} \setminus \{ 'a = 'b \rightarrow \text{Bool}, 'b = \text{Bool} \}$ ,  $\text{Bool} = 'b$ ,  $'b \rightarrow \text{Bool} = 'a$ ,  $'b \rightarrow \text{Bool} = 'b \rightarrow \text{Bool}$ ,  
 $'b = 'b$ ,  $\text{Bool} = \text{Bool}$

want  $(\text{Bool} \rightarrow \text{Bool}) \rightarrow \text{Int}$

$$('a) \rightarrow \text{Int}$$

$$('b \rightarrow \text{Bool}) \rightarrow \text{Int}$$

$$(\text{Bool} \rightarrow \text{Bool}) \rightarrow \text{Int}$$

- Find a type variable  $\alpha$  in type

- Find an eqn  $\alpha = \gamma$

- Replace  $\alpha$  with  $\gamma$

Repeat until we can't replace

When picking an equation, order on  $\sim$ .

1. Concrete types are smallest.

2. Type variables are sorted by name.

Pick "smallest" type; never pick a type variable  $\geq$  yourself.

$$'b \rightarrow 'a \setminus \{ 'a = 'b, 'b = 'a, 'a = 'a, 'b = 'b \}$$

$$'b \rightarrow 'a$$

$$('b) \rightarrow 'a$$

$$'a \rightarrow 'a$$

$$\text{fun } x \rightarrow \text{failwith } "$$

$$'a \rightarrow 'b \setminus \{ 'b = 'c, 'c = \text{Bool}, 'a = 'b, \dots \}$$

Function  $a \rightarrow \text{If } a \text{ Then } H=3 \text{ Else } a$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}$   
type variable    type variable

Perform 4 steps (as far as you can)

$\Sigma \vdash b$  cannot typecheck self-passing.

$$'a \setminus \{ 'a \rightarrow 'b = 'a \}$$

$$('a)$$

$$('a) \rightarrow 'b$$

$$((('a) \rightarrow 'b) \rightarrow 'b)$$

$$(((('a) \rightarrow 'b) \rightarrow 'b) \rightarrow 'b)$$