## Demand-Driven Relative Store Fragments for Singleton Abstraction Little Store's Big Journey



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	push fo	orward	reverse lookup
first order	classic abs. interp. data flow analysis		CFL-reachability reverse data flow analysis
higher order	kCFA PDCFA	CFA2 FCFA	

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first order	classic abs. interp. data flow analysis		CFL-reachability reverse data flow analysis
nigher order	kCFA PDCFA	CFA2 FCFA	DDPA DRSF
			(weak non-locals)

DDPA DRSF

Context-sensitive

Flow-sensitive

Path-sensitive

Must-alias

Non-local variables







	DDPA	DRSF
Context-sensitive	✓ Contours	1
Flow-sensitive	🗸 Natural	1
Path-sensitive	$\sim$	1
Must-alias	$\sim$	1
Non-local variables	1	1

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Context-sensitive	✓ Contours	✓
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Context-sensitive	✓ Contours	✓ Little Stores
Flow-sensitive	🗸 Natural	✓ Little Stores
Path-sensitive	$\sim$ Filters	✓ Little Stores
Must-alias	∼ A Mess	✓ Little Stores
Non-local variables	🗸 Lookup	🗸 Lookup

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let f = fun p ->
    let x = p in
    fun y -> x + y
in
let g = f 4 in
let v = 1 in
let z = g v in z
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#### DDPA by Example Initial CFG

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Expand function call f 4

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Lookup

"Look Pup"





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Wire in function call f 4

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let f = fun p ->
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    fun y -> x + y
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let g = f 4 in
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```

 $f \longrightarrow x \longrightarrow fun y fr$ 



Wire in function call f 4

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    fun y -> x + y
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let g = f 4 in
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Expand function call g v

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let f = fun p ->
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```



Expand function call g v







Expand function call g v







Expand function call g v



|--|



Expand function call g v






Expand function call g v







Expand function call g v







Expand function call g v







Wire in function call g v

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Parameter lookup: y



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Non-local lookup: x

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Connection to forward analyses?













• "Big stores": complete sets of bindings



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- DDPA: reconstruct big stores with lookups
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- Lookups from a point are independent
- Similar to per-point store widening

```
1 let b = coin_flip () in
2 let f = fun p ->
3 let x = p in
4 fun y -> x + y
5 in
6 let g = f (b?4:"s") in
7 let v = (b?1:"t") in
8 let z = g v in z
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fun y x + y х g g g=fun y z = x + yp = 4v = 1 y = "t" "s" = מ f b z g v z

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 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Possible values of $x$ + $y$?} \\ \mbox{ } x \in \{4, "s"\} \end{array}$ 



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Possible values of x + y? x  $\in \{4, "s"\}$ y  $\in \{1, "t"\}$ 



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Possible values of x + y?  
x 
$$\in \{4, "s"\}$$
  
y  $\in \{1, "t"\}$   
x + y =  $\begin{cases} 4 + 1 \\ 4 + "t" \\ "s" + 1 \\ "s" + "t" \end{cases}$ 



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2	let	f = fun p	->
3		<pre>let x = p</pre>	in
4		fun y -> 3	c + y
5	in		
6	let	$g = f (b)^{2}$	l:"s") in
7	let	v = (b?1:'	't") in
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### DRSF $| | \mathscr{A} = \sum \mathscr{A} \neq \mathscr{A}$ $\hat{x} = \{ \hat{x} @ \Delta \mapsto \hat{v}, \ldots \}$ $\Delta = [\delta, \ldots]$





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### Demand-Driven Higher-Order Program Analyses

	DDPA	DRSF
Context-sensitive	✓ Contours	✓ Little Stores
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$$\{b@[] \mapsto true\} \\ \bigcirc z \\ \{y@[] \mapsto 1\}$$




$$\begin{array}{c} \{ \texttt{b@[]} \mapsto \texttt{true} \} \\ \\ \\ \exists \texttt{z} \\ \{ \texttt{y@[]} \mapsto \texttt{1} \} \end{array}$$





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$$\begin{cases} b@[]z] \mapsto true \end{cases} \\ \\ \{y@[] \mapsto 1 \end{cases}$$



$$egin{aligned} & \{\texttt{b@[}(z] \mapsto \texttt{true}\} \ & \{\texttt{y@[} \mapsto \texttt{1}\} \end{aligned}$$







$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} y@[]\mapsto 1,\\ b@[@z]\mapsto \texttt{true} \end{matrix} \right\}$$













Lookup Stack







Lookup Stack







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$$\begin{cases} p@[Dg] \mapsto 4, \\ b@[] \mapsto true \end{cases}$$
 
$$\exists z$$

Lookup Stack







$$\begin{cases} \texttt{x@[]} \mapsto \texttt{4}, \\ \texttt{b@[]z]} \mapsto \texttt{true} \end{cases} \ \oplus \ \begin{cases} \texttt{y@[]} \mapsto \texttt{1}, \\ \texttt{b@[]z]} \mapsto \texttt{true} \end{cases} =$$

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  - Partial traces gracefully degrade

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- Versatile
  - Context-sensitivity
  - Flow-sensitivity
  - Path-sensitivity
  - Must-alias analysis
  - Non-local variable alignment

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19/20

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## What's Next?

## Performance!



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- Currently retaining too much on merge
- Extending little store: partial set of bindings/constraints?/facts?

